Application of Quality Function Deployment (QFD) For Quality Improvement of Suwar Suwir Product

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Abstract
Suwar suwir is a traditional food, like a sweet candy, made from sugar and fermented cassava. This product is produced by small and medium agroindustries in Jember. Various and low of improvement product are still common problems faced by producers. Evaluation of this product is needed to improve quality of the product. Presently, evaluation of consumer expectation is never conducted to improve product quality and to answer consumer expectation as well. One of the method used to solve that problem is QFD. Sixty respondents were interviewed in this study. Information were collected from many resources such as outlet owners, producers, workers, processing operators and marketing staff. We found that 4 attributes from consumers were taste, color, aroma and texture which were answered by nine technical responses. In term of product performance, based on product comparison analysis, we found that the consumers much more satisfy with suwar suwir produced by Barokah Jaya compare to Primadona and Kartini. Furthermore, the result of QFD analysis showed that suwar suwir from Barokah Jaya could achieve the target compare to the competitors. Based on the results, we concluded that Barokah Jaya could answer consumer’s expectation using its technical responses.

Key words: Quality Function Deployment, Suwar-suwir

1. INTRODUCTION
Cassava is an agricultural commodity with a huge market potential, which could be further processed for various products. One of the cassava based products is suwar suwir, a traditional food from Jember, Indonesia. Small and medium industries are utilizing cassava as a raw material to produce suwar suwir, which add more value to the product. The huge market potential of food product creates an intense competition in the business. Swasta and Irawan (1990) described that consumer research is one of the approach used by businessman to reach consumer’s satisfaction, through assessing, evaluating and predicting their behavior.

One of the methods used for assessing or evaluating consumers need is Quality Function Deployment (QFD). Ariani (1999) explained that QFD is a planning and a product improvement method used by product improvement team to define consumers’ need and expectation briefly. Besides, this method could also being used to evaluate product potential and to discover consumer’s needs and expectations (Miranda and Amin, 2003).

Limited information and evaluation about consumer’s expectation of suwar suwir is a strong reason why this traditional product fail in the market. This condition needs to be investigated especially with the market testing to reach personal response and consumer needs. Various brands of suwar suwir also need to be evaluated to describe product quality and its preference based on consumers need and expectation.

The objective of this study was to identify consumers’ needs and expectations through defining the product attributes and consumer’s expectations of suwar-suwir. Based on the implementation of QFD, improved strategy would also be appeared to support quality improvement of suwar suwir.

2. MATERIALS AND METHODS

2.1. Material and tools
Brands of suwar suwir used in this study area are Barokah Jaya, Primadona dan
Kartini. These brands are widely recognized and easily to find in the traditional food market around the district.

2.2. Location

Evaluation was conducted in production unit of suwar suwir in Barokah Jaya and some food stores, which provide traditional foods as a souvenir. Analysis of data was conducted in Agroindustrial System and Management Laboratory, Faculty of Agricultural Technology, University of Jember.

2.3. Data Collection

In this study, questionnaire was designed to collect data and information such as Consumer’s need, Importance to Consumers, Consumer Satisfaction Performance, and Competitive Satisfaction Performance. Questionnaire was addressed to production unit’s employer, owners of food store and loyal consumers. Another questionnaire (technical response) was addressed to the owner of Barokah Jaya, to obtain information such as quantity of sugar, fermented cassava, milk, food preservatives, mixing process, cooking process and packaging process. In term of preference test, questionnaire was addressed to 70 respondents to evaluate their preference of suwar suwir produced by Barokah Jaya, Primadona, dan Kartini.

2.4. Data Analysis.

2.4.1. Data Analysis of Quality Function Deployment (QFD)

The data were analyzed based on the components in house of quality as a part of QFD method below.

![Figure 1. House of Quality](image)

*Consumer Need* is information from costumers about product attributes related to what they need from the product. *Technical Response* is technical competence of production unit to response consumers’ needs.

*Planning Matrixs*

a. Importance to Consumers, importance level of product attribute to costumers.

b. Consumers Satisfaction Performance, consumers satisfaction level to product’s attribute.
c. **Competitive Satisfaction Performance**, consumer satisfaction level to competitor’s products.

\[
\text{Competitive Satisfaction} = \frac{\text{Total score of satisfaction level to competitor products}}{\text{number of respondents}}
\]  

(3)

d. **Goal**, the highest score, ratio of consumers satisfaction performance to competitive satisfaction performance, to explain producer objectives in responding to the consumers needs.

e. **Improvement Ratio**, the value used in quality improvement of product’s attribute. Day (1993) explained that if the value more than 1, means that the attribute of product require to be improved, because less than goal value.

\[
\text{Improvement Ratio} = \frac{\text{Goal}}{\text{Customer Satisfaction Performance}}
\]  

(4)

f. **Sales Point**, the most important attribute to the consumers. Improvement of technical response would give contribution to obtain higher sales point (Cohen, 1995). **Sales point value** of 1.5 strongly affect total sales, values of 1.2 give weak effect, while value of 1 would not give any effect to the sales.

g. **Raw Weight**, the weight value of product’s attribute. **Normalized Raw Weight** is the percentage of Raw Weight value.

**Relationship Matrix**, a relationship between technical responses with consumers needs. This matrix gives information needed to optimize production process (Tjiptono, 1995).

**Technical Correlation Response**

Technical Correlation Response is defined as relationship among technical responses. These relationship could be positive, negative and no relationship.

**Technical Matrix**

Technical matrix (Figure3.3) consist of information as follows:

1. **Contribution**, explains the strength of technical response of consumer satisfaction. Contribution describes priority from producer responses to consumer response. **Normalized contribution** shows the percentage of contribution value.

2. **Targeting**, the purposes would be achieved by the company to provide consumers need using technical response.

Raw weight = importance to consumers X importance ratio X sales point  

(5)

\[
\text{Normalized Raw Weight} = \frac{\text{Raw Weight}}{\text{Total Raw Weight}}
\]  

(6)

\[
\text{Contribution} = \text{Technical Response Score } i \times \text{Normalized Raw Weight } i
\]  

(7)

\[
\text{Normalized Contribution} = \frac{\text{Contribution}}{\text{Total Contribution}}
\]  

(8)

Benchmarking = 

\[
\text{Benchmarking} = \frac{\text{score technical response and consumer needs } i \times \text{cons satisfaction } n i}{\text{Total score of tech responses and need relations}}
\]  

(9)

2.4.2. **Data Analysis with sensory evaluation (Preference test)**

In this study, **suwar suwir** produced by three different producers, namely Barokah Jaya, Primadona, and Kartini, were tested using preference test. The sample was put into the plate using 3 different codes and addresses to 70 respondents. The respondents’ preference is represented based on the score 1 (very like), 2 (like), 3 (moderate), 4 (unlike), and 5 (very unlike). The result of preference test would explain positive characteristic to improve product quality (Mabesa, 1986). The result was presented using bar-chart to show consumers satisfaction level to **suwar suwir** product with 3 different brands.
3. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

![Figure 2. House of Quality of suwar suwir](image)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Customer Needs</th>
<th>Technical Responses</th>
<th>Planning Matrix</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Taste</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Texture</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colour</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aroma</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Technical Matrix</th>
<th>Contribution</th>
<th>Normalized Contribution</th>
<th>Benchmarking Barokah Jaya</th>
<th>Benchmarking Primadona</th>
<th>Benchmarking Kartini</th>
<th>Targeting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>7.57</td>
<td>0.17</td>
<td>3.48</td>
<td>2.90</td>
<td>3.01</td>
<td>3.48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>7.55</td>
<td>0.17</td>
<td>3.36</td>
<td>2.91</td>
<td>3.02</td>
<td>3.36</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>6.91</td>
<td>0.15</td>
<td>3.40</td>
<td>2.83</td>
<td>3.00</td>
<td>3.40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>6.91</td>
<td>0.15</td>
<td>3.40</td>
<td>2.83</td>
<td>3.00</td>
<td>3.40</td>
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<td>3.47</td>
<td>2.99</td>
<td>3.01</td>
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<td>2.88</td>
<td>3.03</td>
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<td></td>
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<td>3.03</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
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<td>0.07</td>
<td>3.41</td>
<td>2.88</td>
<td>3.01</td>
<td>3.41</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Ket. Relasi

▲ = 1 = HubunganLemah
○ = 3 = HubunganMenengah
● = 9 = HubunganKuat

Ket. KorelasiResponTeknis

▲ = 1 = HubunganLemah
○ = 3 = HubunganMenengah
● = 9 = HubunganKuat
Based on the analysis of the questionnaire and some information from respondents, figure 2 shows the house of quality and explains general condition of consumer’s needs and comparison among the three selected suwar suwir products.

**Consumers Needs**

a. Consumers needs (expectation)

Figure 2 shows that taste, color, aroma and texture were the attributes (expected by consumers) of suwar suwir products. Based on the same figure, we learned that taste was the most important attribute to the consumers, followed by color, aroma, and texture. It means that the consumers use taste (first rank) and color (second rank) attributes as priority in purchasing of suwar suwir product.

b. Consumers Satisfaction level

In term of consumer satisfaction level, we found that the performance of suwar-suwir from Barokah Jaya has higher values of consumers needs than Primadona and Kartini. It means that the consumers have better preference to Barokah Jaya product than two others competitors, Primadona, and Kartini.

**Technical Responses to support consumer needs**

The result shows that nine technical responses, which affect product performance (attribute) and response consumers needs were quantity of sugar, quantity of tape (fermented cassava), quantity of milk, quantity of preservative, mixing, sandy process, shaping process, and packaging. More attention should be given to these activities (technical responses) because of their direct influence to quality of the product, including product performance as attribute of product. Nasution (2001), product is a part of marketing mix (product, price, placement and promotion) which give direct impact to increase total sales. Figure 2 shows that the taste has a strong relationship with the quantity of sugar, tape, milk, preservative as well as mixing process. Color has strong relationship with the quantity of sugar, milk, and preservative, as well as the cooking process. The aroma has strong relationship with the quantity of tape, milk and preservative. For texture, it has strong relationship with the quantity of milk, and tape, as well as cooking and sandy processes.

**Goal**

The performance level or target could be achieved by the producers to support consumer needs (consumers satisfaction). Figure 2 shows that suwar suwir from Barokah Jaya could reached goal value, which means that the product could achieve consumer expectation compare to the competitors (Primadona and Kartini).

**Targeting**

Target (targeting) is the objective would be achieved by the producer to support consumer expectation using technical response. Targeting value was based on benchmarking value from suwar suwir product of Barokah Jaya and two other competitors (Primadona and Kartini). The highest value would be used as a target. Figure 2 shows that suwar-suwir of Barokah Jaya could achieved all of the target value for all technical responses. Its means that suwar suwir of Barokah Jaya could support consumers satisfaction through technical response much better compare to the other competitors (Primadona and Kartini).

**SensoryTest (Preference Method)**

Sensory evaluation with preference test was used to evaluate consumer preferences related with product attributes of suwar suwir from Barokah Jaya and two other competitors (Primadona dan Kartini). Result of sensory evaluation could be seen in Figure 3.

![Figure 3. Bar-chart of Preference Test of Suwar Suwir](image)

**Figure 3. Bar-chart of Preference Test of Suwar Suwir**

- **Barokah Jaya**: 2.37, 2.56, 2.04, 2.74
- **Primadona**: 2.83, 2.94, 3.16, 2.94
- **Kartini**: 2.90, 2.94, 3.03, 2.86
In Figure 2 (lower value means higher level of preference), it was shown that in general, all respondents prefer suwar suwir of Barokah Jaya to two other competitors (Primadona dan Kartini) for all attributes. Especially for color (warna) and taste (rasa) of product, these attributes have similar result to the consumer’s needs as priority or driven factor of purchasing suwar suwir.

Proposed Strategy to Improve Quality of Suwar-Suwir based on QFD

Based of QFD analysis, proposed strategy to improve quality of suwar suwir product are as follows:

Consumers Satisfaction Level

Generally, consumers satisfaction is the ratio between product quality to consumer’s needs or expectation. Even thought the result shows that consumers satisfaction level of suwar suwir from Barokah Jaya is higher than the two other competitors, the quality improvement should be maintained continuously based on the consumer’s needs. Improvement of product performance is not merely for the studied attributes but also for other attributes in order to answer all of the consumer expectations.

Target Achievement based on application of QFD

Target is an objective that would be achieved by the producers to support their consumer needs through technical response of the highest value of the benchmark. The technical response, benchmarking and targeting value of Barokah Jaya, which were analyzed with QFD analysis, could be seen in Table 1.

Table 1. The value of Technical Response, Benchmarking and Targeting of Suwar-Suwir Barokah Jaya

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Technical Response</th>
<th>Benchmarking of Suwar-Suwir Barokah Jaya</th>
<th>Targeting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Quantity of Sugar</td>
<td>3.48</td>
<td>3.48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quantity of Fermented Cassava</td>
<td>3.36</td>
<td>3.36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quantity of Milk</td>
<td>3.38</td>
<td>3.38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quantity of Preservative</td>
<td>3.38</td>
<td>3.38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mixing Process</td>
<td>3.44</td>
<td>3.44</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cooking Process</td>
<td>3.47</td>
<td>3.47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sandy Process</td>
<td>3.44</td>
<td>3.44</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shaping Process</td>
<td>3.44</td>
<td>3.44</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Packaging Process</td>
<td>3.41</td>
<td>3.41</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure 2 shows that through all of technical response could achieved targeting value. It means that suwar suwir produced by Barokah Jaya could support consumer expectations. However, the improvement is still required through improvement of technical response in daily activities.

Continuing quality improvement should be done not only by Barokah Jaya, but also by other competitors in suwar suwir industry. Packaging, as one of the technical responses, needs to be improved. Packaging material with sufficient protection, such as aluminium foil, is strongly recommended to be applied to avoid contamination that affects quality of the product.

Based on sensory evaluation, suwar suwir produced by Barokah Jaya has a better result than those produced by the two other competitors. Through better technical response, Barokah Jaya could support their consumer needs better than the two others. The competitors could use Barokah Jaya as a reference in production system, product improvement, and innovation.
As the most important buying decision factor, taste needs more attention during production. **Attention for competitors or other suwar-suwir producers**

Generally, based on the result, Primadona and Kartini have lower benchmarking value than Barokah Jaya. These competitors, therefore, should follow Barokah Jaya to improve their product, especially for taste and color attributes. The competitors should give more attention to the taste-related components such as the composition of sugar, tape, milk, and preservative, as well as the mixing process. Furthermore, attention to color-related components such as composition of sugar, milk, and preservative, as well as the cooking process should be taken also into account.

Moreover, in order to improve the product’s performance and to widen its market, innovation in packaging system should be done. In addition, hygiene also needs to be improved during its production, not only for its quality but also for its safety.

**4. CONCLUSIONS**

a. In term of consumer needs, the analysis result shows that the attribute (expected by consumers) of suwar suwir products were taste, texture, color and aroma. The levels of Importance to Consumers, from the most expected attribute of the consumers were taste, color, aroma, and texture.

b. Barokah Jaya as a producer of suwar suwir has higher value of satisfaction level and preference level compare to other competitors Primadona and Kartini. All of technical responses of Barokah Jaya have maximum value as targeting values. Product innovation such as taste, packing material and hygiene should be improved continuously to reach a high quality and safe product for consumers.

**REFERENCES**


